

Primary Distribution Box Coefficient



Overview

The distribution coefficient, $\log D$, is the ratio of the sum of the concentrations of all forms of the compound (ionized plus un-ionized) in each of the two phases, one essentially always aqueous; as such, it depends on the pH of the aqueous phase, and $\log D = \log P$ for non-ionizable compounds at any pH. For measurements of distribution coefficients, the pH of the aqueous phase is buffered. Overview In the, a partition coefficient (P) or distribution coefficient (D) is the ratio of of a in a mixture of two solvents at. This ratio is therefore a comparison. Despite formal recommendation to the contrary, the term partition coefficient remains the predominantly used term in the scientific literature. In contrast, the recommends that the title term n. The partition coefficient, abbreviated P, is defined as a particular ratio of the of a between the two solvents (a biphasic system of liquid phases), specifically for un- solutes, and the of.

Article Content

Partition coefficient

The partition coefficient generally refers to the concentration ratio of un-ionized species of compound, whereas the distribution coefficient refers to the concentration ratio of all species of the compound ...

Solute Partitioning

In order to obtain quantitative expressions for the way solute is distributed, we need to use a quantity known as the partition coefficient, k , given by: $k = C_S / C_L$. This is the ratio of the concentrations at ...

Distribution Coefficient

The distribution coefficient is defined as the ratio of the concentration of an ion per unit weight of a dry exchanger to the concentration of the same ion per unit volume of an external solution, indicating the ...

Distribution Coefficient

Distribution Coefficient: When a substance is partitioned between two immiscible solvents at a particular temperature, the ratio of concentrations in solvent 1 and solvent 2 is a constant. This constant is ...

The difference between the first, second, and third levels of ...

What do the primary, secondary, and tertiary boxes of a distribution box mean? This is a relative issue. Let's make a hypothesis: a newly built residential area introduces a 10kV incoming line ...

Understanding Distribution Coefficient

Learn about the distribution coefficient, its significance, and applications in analytical chemistry, including its role in extraction and separation techniques.

Partition Coefficients and Distribution Ratios

A partition coefficient or distribution coefficient is a measure of the equilibrium between two different means, such as two different phases or two different immiscible liquids [Dearden, 1985].

Partition Coefficients and distribution models

Distribution of pharmaceuticals in water and sediment at variable pH predicted with our new activity approach.

distribution partition coefficient

where C_L = concentration of the element in the residual melt, C_0 = initial concentration of the element in the melt, F = fraction of the melt that remains, and D = bulk partition coefficient for the crystallizing ...

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